Water@OneUSF

Mark Rains, Shawn Landry, James Mihelcic, Charles Jacoby University of South Florida

OVerFlow Seminar Series April 15, 2025



PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- Mark Rains Introductory Remarks
- USF Water Center Shawn Landry
- USF College of Engineering James Mihelcic
- USF College of Marine Science Charles Jacoby
- Wrap up Mark Rains

LIKE MANY OF YOU, WE'RE SCATTERED....

- 3 (Possibly 2) Campuses
- 5 (Or More) Colleges
 - College of Arts and Sciences
 - College of Engineering
 - College of Marine Science
 - Patel College of Global Sustainability
 - College of Public Health
 - College of the Environment?

USF Water Institute

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA Water sustainability for complex socioecosystem	stitute			
Home About Us Projects & Publications + Data & Maps News	People - Technical Services Cor	tact		
wateratlas				
and the second s	Faculty and Staff		Students and Interns	
Building a comprehensive data ree that helps citizens and scientists alike make informed where the theory of theory of the theory of theory of the theory of theory of the theory of theory of the the	 Landry, Shawn - Director, Research Associate Professor Rains, Kai - Research Associate Professor Allyn, Jan - Content Manager Baker, Jennifer - Database Applications Developer Bornhorst, Keith - Web Applications Developer Costley, Ruth - Senior GIS Analyst Filers, David - Field Scientist 		 Bednar, Allison Mohacsi, Jayden Robinson, Stephanie 	
Water Institute Websites	See Affiliat	ed Researchers		
 WaterAtlas.org - The Water Atlas website is a comprehensive data resource, eventually covering ti of Florida, that helps citizens and scientists alike make informed decisions concerning our vital water resources. 	Former Staff and Students			
 SEACAR - The Statewide Ecosystem Assessment of Coastal and Aquatic Resources (SEACAR) databa website provide a repository for ecological indicator data, helping resource managers to assess the environmental health of Florida's Aquatic Preserves. 	Bandaru, Girija Budihal Prasad, Adhokshaja Achar Cooper, Bailey	Barnett, Tim Cassiani, Ana Clara Donerly, Barbara	Bauer, Emily Chandler, Ron Dudley, William	Bowers, Robert Cheatham Rhodes, Carolyn Dye, Daniel
 Water-CAT - A searchable database of Florida water monitoring activity that answers "who, what, v when and why?" for water resource managers, researchers and citizens. 	Earnest, David Gillum, Amanda	Etter, Chris Griffin, Jim	Foret, Tim Hamilton, Keir	Gile, Michael Hilbert, Deborah
• Terra-CAT - The FWC Species and Habitat Monitoring Programs Catalog is a searchable database o	Jarrett, Mathew Khan, Amir	Johnson, B. Terry Kumar, Saurabh	Kadiyala, Thejovathi Lamb, David	Karthik Jetty, Mohan Leathers, Melanie
habitat and species monitoring activity for natural resource managers, researchers, and citizens.	Lotero Lozano, Laura	Lott, Darline	Mathews, Wakhungu Rajput, Anuratna	Murali, Mrudhula Regis, Jamar
	Neto, Michaela Barbara Rego, Emily	Perry, Jackie Rosbough, Robert	Scharfschwerdt, Andrew	Schultz, Alyssa



Overview of Projects

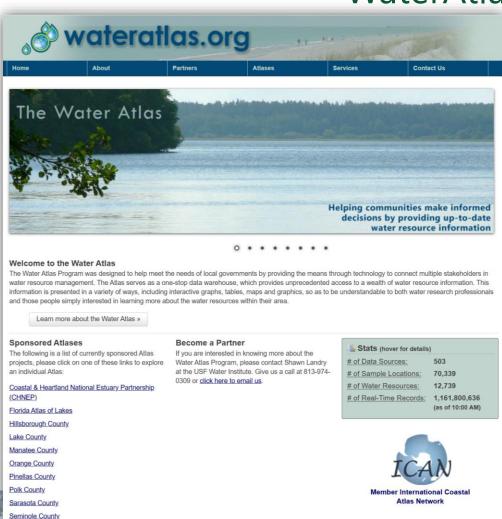
- Decision Support and Public Education
 - Water Atlas
 - SEACAR
 - Plant Atlas
 - Water-CAT
- Technical Services
 - Lake, Pond and Stream Assessments
 - Infrastructure Mapping and Technical Services
- Research
 - Urban Social-Ecological Systems Research
 - Urban Forest management and policy
 - Water and Wetland Studies







WaterAtlas.org



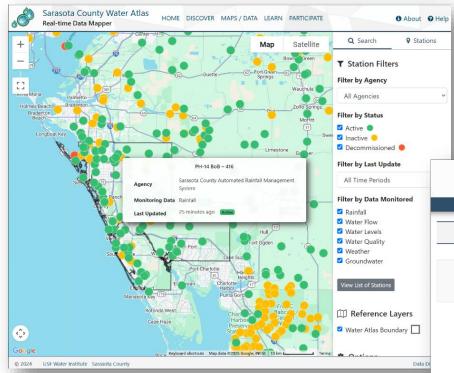
Tampa Bay Estuary Atlas

- Started in 1998
- Funded by local governments
- Supports surface water management requirements of Clean Water Act
- Used by water management professionals, researchers/students, and the public





WaterAtlas.org Data



- 504 data providers
- 12,739 water resources
- 72,961 sample locations
- @ 1.2 billion data samples



Welcome to the Data Download and Graphing tool! This tool helps you easily download and visualize water quality data from sampling locations featured in the Water Atlas.

To get started, head to the Select page. Here, you can interact with an intuitive map interface to filter and choose specific sampling locations of interest. After making your selection, move on to the **Review/Refine** page, where you'll find a clear summary of available parameters and data collection periods for each location.

At this stage, you have the flexibility to further refine your selection by adjusting locations, parameters, or date ranges. Once your selections are finalized, simply choose whether you'd like to **Download** the data for offline analysis or **Graph** it directly for immediate visual insights.

Please note: The previous version of the Data Download and Graphing tool remains available for now but will be discontinued in the future. You can still access the previous tool here.

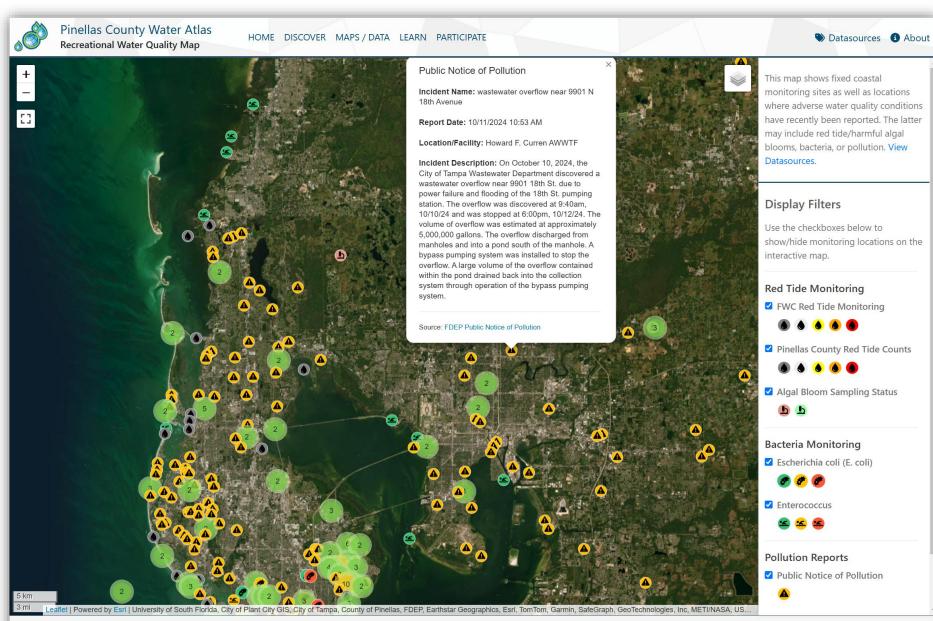






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Consolidation of Public Health Alerts

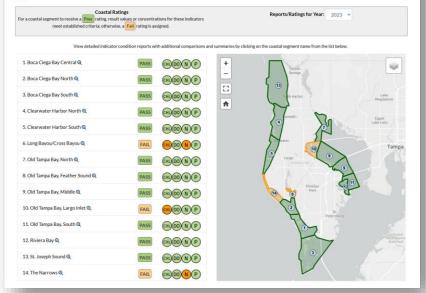




How healthy are our coastal waters? The Pinellas Coastal Conditions ratings provide a general picture of water quality and health based on the levels of important indicators in the water, including chlorophyll-a, total nitrogen, total phosphorus, and dissolved oxygen saturation. The acceptable "healthy" values for these indicators are set by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), as required by the Federal Clean Water Act. FDEP must assess water quality for surface waters in the state at least every two years to determine if waters are "fishable and swimmable" or require improvement. The current water quality standards and associated criteria help determine whether a waterbody is passing or healthy compared to failing or impaired as defined in the Florida Administrative Code, Chapter 62-302.530, "Table: Surface Water Quality Criteria".

Coastal water segments that "Pass" indicate good water quality for the selected calendar year; however, regulatory assessment of health is based on results over seven- or ten-year periods and may differ from the single year assessment. Water values that "Fail" by exceeding the established State water quality criteria are put onto the impaired waters list and prioritized for restoration activities to improve water quality. Pinellas County implements several educational programs, structural stormwater projects, and county ordinances to address pollution and result in improved water quality. Additionally, the County partners with municipalities and other public agencies to research sources of pollution in the watershed and to implement proper management practices to improve water quality.

Sampling Design and Methods: As part of the Pinellas County ambient monitoring program, water samples are collected from four randomly selected sites within each of the regions approximately every 40 days during the rainy season, June through September, and every 51 days during the remaining "dry" season for a total of eight sampling events and 32 sites per coastal region per year. These regions cover coastal areas of Pinellas County on the Gulf beaches and portions of upper Tampa Bay.





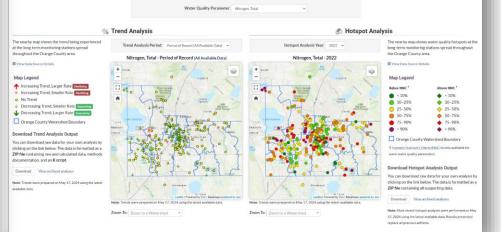
Water Quality Trends and Hotspots

s dual analysis allows you to explore short- and long-term trends for those water quality parameters that are most useful in evaluating the extent of nutrient pollution. The trend analysis 👘 hows whether the measured value of a water guality parameter is increasi or decreasing over time, and at what rate. The hotspot analysis ((R) compares the values measured at a sample site in the past year to values measured elsewhere in the county. Taken together, these two results can help you to gain a more complete perspective on water uality. For example, while the Water Quality Trends map might show that a particular measure of water quality is increasing at a certain monitoring location, the Water Quality Hotspots map may reveal that compared to the county as a whole, the values measured at that location are still very low

HOW TO USE: Use the map to choose a water quality parameter, time period, and geographic area. One map will show a summary of the results of a Seasonal Kendall Tau statistical analysis for trend". Each icon displayed on the map represents one monitoring station; it ether the data collected there for the selected water quality measure shows a statistically significant trend, and if so, whether it was increasing or decreasing, weak (<10% change/year) or strong (>10%/year). Clicking on an icon will open a popup with a trend. aoh. Click on the "View full details" link in the popup to see a full page of information about the station, data, and trend, and to download a printer-friendly version.

will show a this "hotspot analysis" that allow you to quickly identify where very high or very low values have been measured for selected water quality parameters, relative to other locations throughout Orange County. The map uses color -coding to incy distribution, showing for each monitoring station where the median value for a parameter falls, relative to the median values at other stations of the same type. For example, "< 10%" means that fewer than 10% of stations have median values hat are lower. "50-75%" means that at least half of all stations have a lower median value, and at least a quarter have a higher value.

nnually, with results presented in summary form on the map, and detailed results downloadable as an Access database or CSV files. Each year new results will be viewable on this page as they become available



RADAR-BASED RAINFALL ESTIMATES

Radar-based rainfall estimates are based on Doppler weather radar images that are calibrated with actual precipitation n estimate rainfall amounts for each of the 2 x 2 kilometer grid cells in the region. Data are generously provided by the Sou Management District. Learn more about how the data are collected and aggregated »

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This tool allows you to view the geographic distribution and variability of rainfall amounts, access statistical summaries of rainfall in graphs and charts, and download the data for your own analysis. Rainfall statistics are provided for the geographic scales of the watershed, basin, WBID (Run 50), and 2km x 2km pixel.

To see rainfall mapped for a particular year, or to see a map of average rainfall, make a selection from the drop-down menu. To view statistical summaries, select a geographic area from the drop-down menu or by clicking on the map; then click the "View Details" button on the popup.



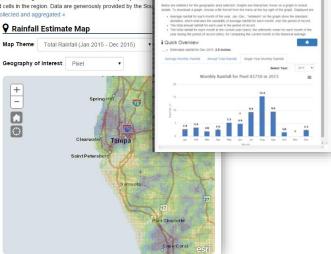
Select a Basin: Select a Basin

🕹 Download Rainfall Estimate Data

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You can download estimated monthly rainfall data for your own analysis by clicking on the button below. The ine all arid coll data and is fo

Detailed Rainfall Estimates for Pixel 83750



PlantAtlas.org

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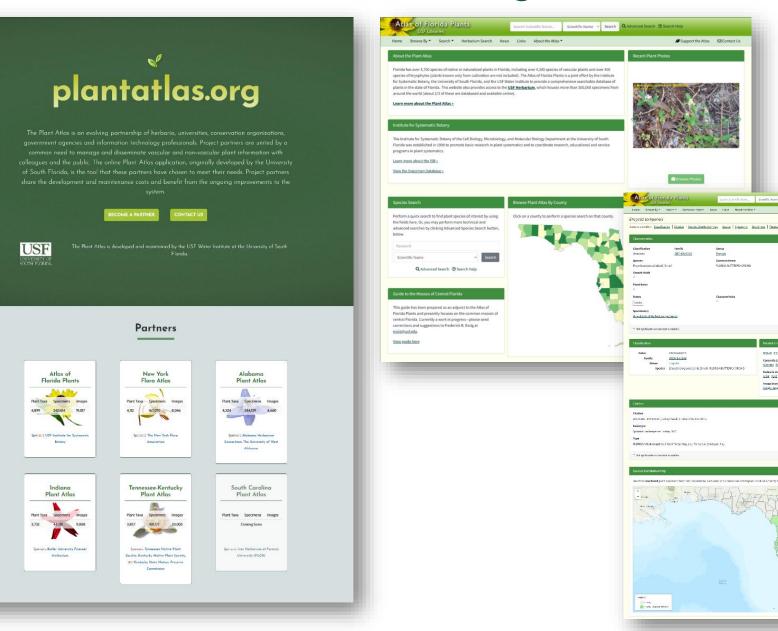
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Florida Water Resource Monitoring Catalog: water-cat.org

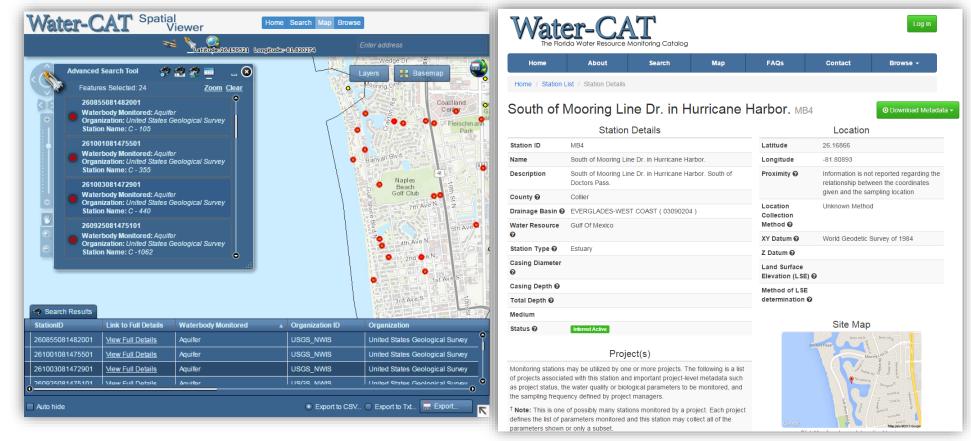


- Conceived by the Florida Water Resource Monitoring Council
- Goal is to improve knowledge of monitoring activities
 - Online catalog of all water-resources monitoring activities
- Long-term support from FDEP





Who, Where, What and Why of Environmental Monitoring



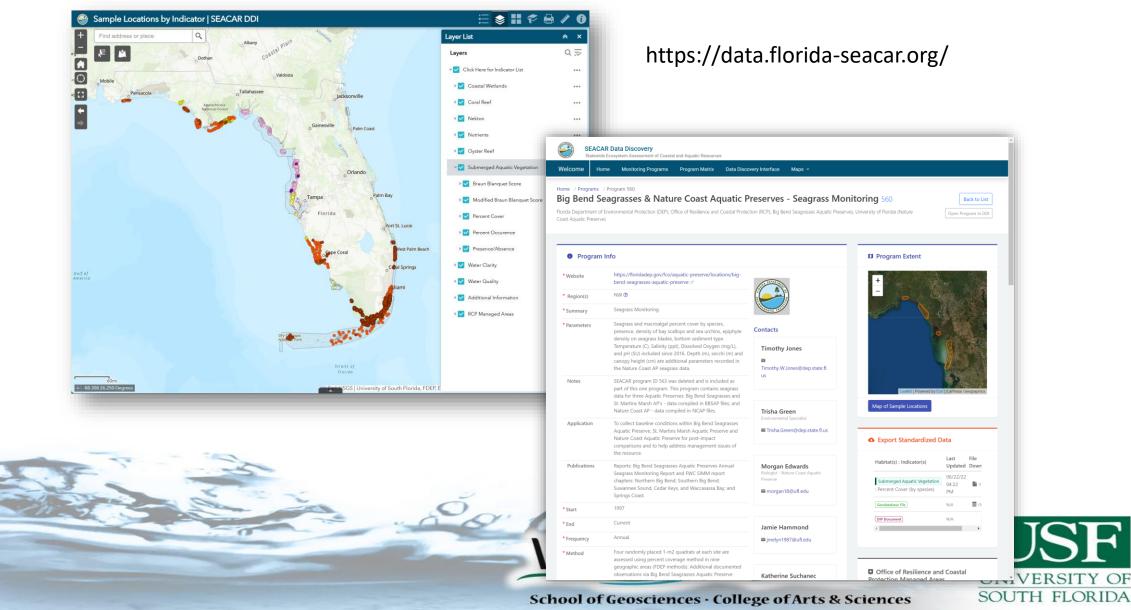
156 organizations (so far)

1,265 monitoring projects 139,190 monitoring stations





Statewide Ecosystem Assessment of Coastal and Aquatic Resources (SEACAR)





≈ ten years ago we received an EPA Grant to establish the Center for Reinventing Aging Infrastructure for Nutrient Management – James Mihelcic - Director

- develop science behind new technology
- demonstrate new technological innovations originating from the new science to provide knowledge for community members, policy makers, regulators, design engineers, and regulated entities.
- Integrate our innovations with sustainability assessments and systems-based approaches applicable to the management of point and diffuse sources of nutrients, over different scales





Long-term demonstration of stormwater bioretention system to remove nitrogen in under-served community (Drs. Sarina Ergas & James Mihelcic)



Without Plants

With Plants



Evaluation of Floating Treatment Wetlands (FTW) with Biochar and Different Macrophytes for Nutrient Removal from Urban Stormwater Runoff





Mesocosm study

Treatment	Plants	Media
1	None	Coir + biochar
2	None	Coir
3	Golden canna	Coir + biochar
4	Golden canna	Coir
5	Fakahatchee grass	Coir + biochar
6	Canna + Fakahatchee	Coir + biochar

FTW experimental program for mesocosm study (closed tank setup)

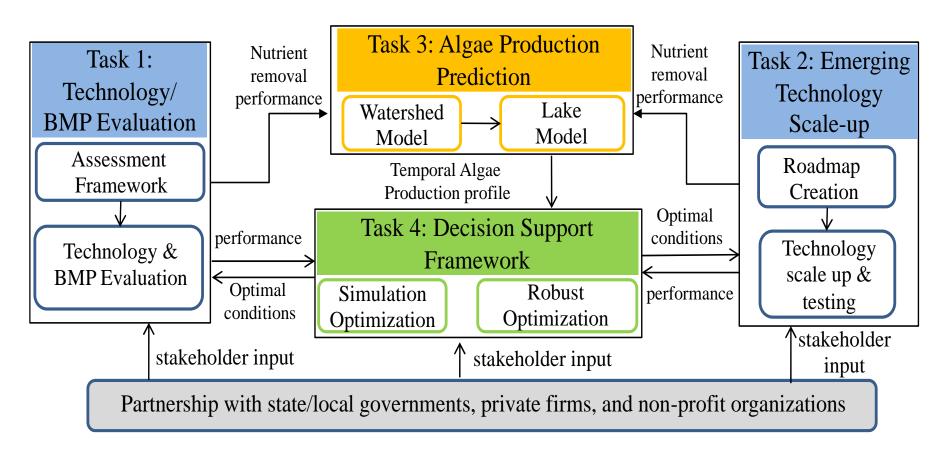
Setting up of FTW systems at Aaran's

- ns at Aaran's (from Spangler et al., 2019)
- ^pWhat key factors and processes affect nutrient removal in FTWs?
- Does biochar improve FTW nutrient removal and microbial diversity?
- How does plant species affect performance?
- How do nutrient loading rates and hydraulic retention times affect performance?



Temporal and Spatial Optimization of Existing and Emerging Nutrient Management Technologies and Practices for Control of Harmful Algal Blooms

- Team: Zhang, Q. (PI), Arias, M., Charkhgard, H., Ergas, S., Mihelcic, J., Nachabe, M., Rains, M. (Co-PIs)
- **Goal:** Optimize the implementation of nutrient treatment technologies and management practices
 - What, where and when?





Integrating Modeling Tools & Observations in the <u>C</u>aloosahatchee, <u>L</u>ake <u>O</u>keechobee, and <u>S</u>t. Lucie <u>E</u>stuary for Prediction & Management of Harmful Algal Blooms (CLOSE-HABs)

PI: Mauricio Arias

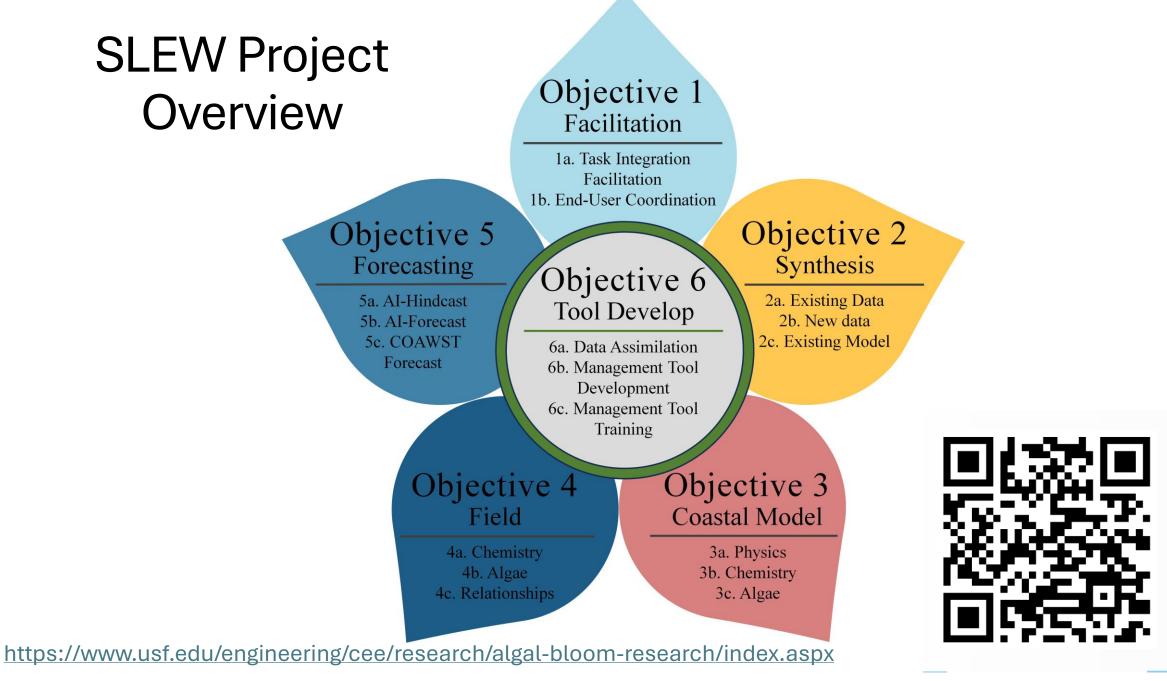
USF Co-PI: Qiong Zhang

Non-USF Investigators: David Kaplan, Maitaine Olabarrieta, Ed Phlips, Elise Morrison, Cassondra Armstrong









Project Overview





Blue Green Action Platform

Bridging Communities Upstream and Downstream for Nitrogen Management: An inclusive, people-centered platform and capacity-building initiative

Dr. Maya Trotz



BlueGAP humanizes nitrogen pollution by providing stories, trusted data, consultation, and resources to benefit those most impacted by nitrogen pollution.



Mississippi River Watershed

Tampa Bay Watershed



RESILIENT FLORIDA PROGRAM

PLANNING GRANTS

To assist local governments with Vulnerability Assessments, Peril of Flood Comprehensive Plan Amendments

> UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA

College of MARINE SCIENCE

STATEWIDE FLOODING AND SEA LEVEL RISE RESILIENCE PLAN

To assist local governments and eligible entities in implementing projects that address flooding and sea level rise STATEWIDE DATA SET AND ASSESSMENT

Collection of local vulnerability assessments and data to assist in creating a Statewide Flooding and Sea Level Rise Assessment

REGIONAL RESILIENCE ENTITIES

Technical Support, develop project applications for members and multijurisdictional collaboration

Up-to-date, realistic, and consistent standards and projections of compound flooding





Workgroups



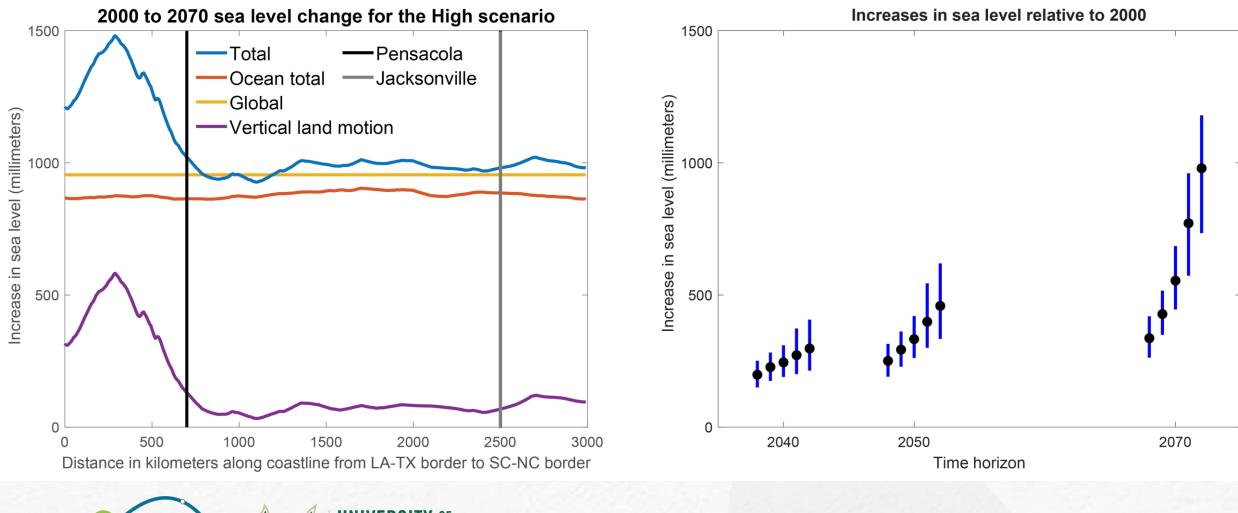
Sea Level Change Workgroup Rainfall Workgroup



Comprehensive Modeling Workgroup



Changing sea level



UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA College of MARINE SCIENCE

FloodHub

Changing sea level

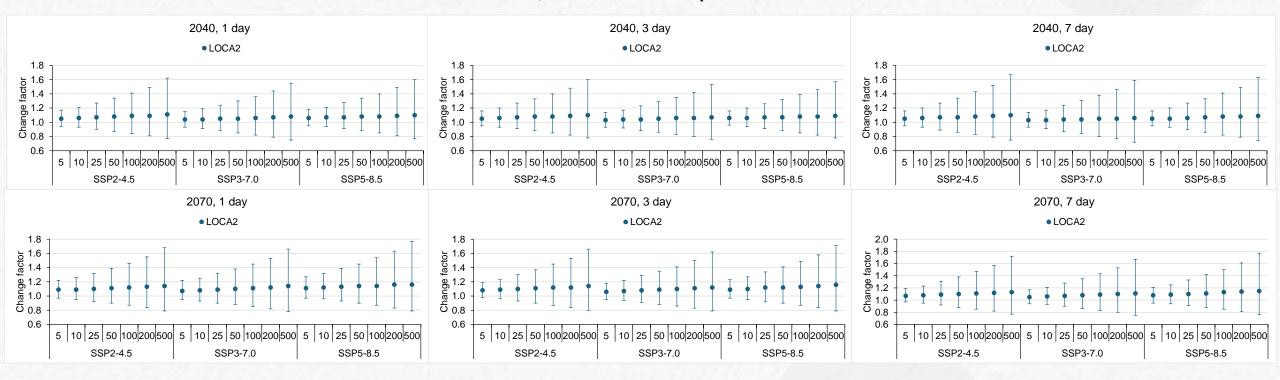
Table 2: Exceedance probabilities for Florida projected to 2100 with emissions scenarios used in the Federal Task Force Report

	Predicted increase in global mean surface air temperature					
Global mean sea level rise scenario (rise 2000–2100)	1.5°C	2.0°C	3.0°C	4.0°C	5.0°C	
Low (0.3 m)	92%	98%	>99%	>99%	>99%	
Intermediate Low (0.5 m)	37%	50%	82%	97%	>99%	
Intermediate (1.0 m)	<1%	2%	5%	10%	23%	
Intermediate high (1.5 m)	<1%	<1%	<1%	1%	2%	
High (2.0 m)	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	<1%	



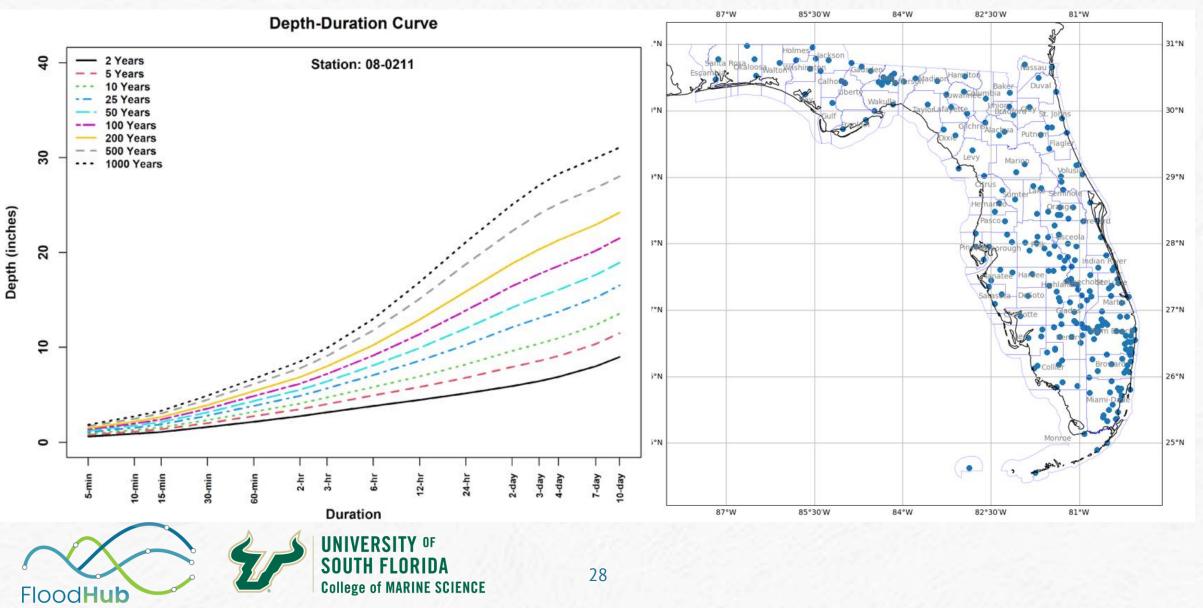
Changing precipitation

Median, 17th & 83rd percentiles

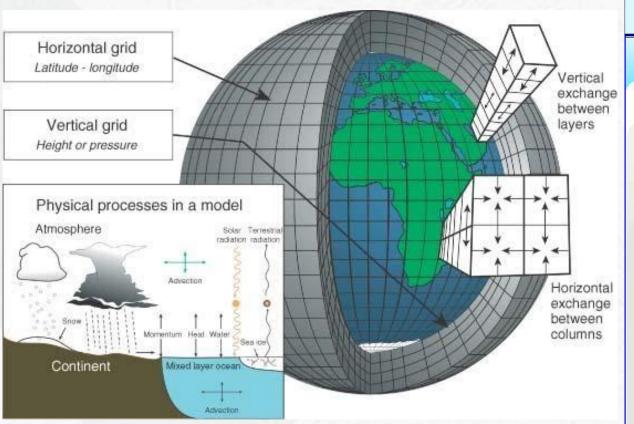




Changing precipitation



Higher resolution models



Weather Research and Forecast (WRF) Model

Develop an advanced mesoscale forecast and assimilation system

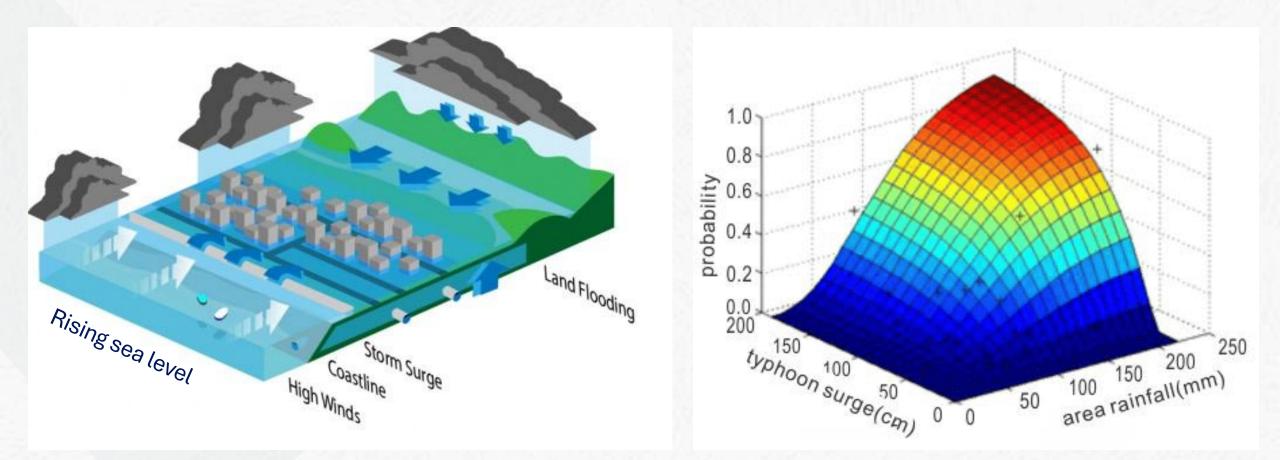
Promote closer ties between research and operations

Research:

Design for 1-10 km horizontal grids Advanced data assimilation and model physics Accurate and efficient across a broad range of scales Well-suited for both research and operations Community model support

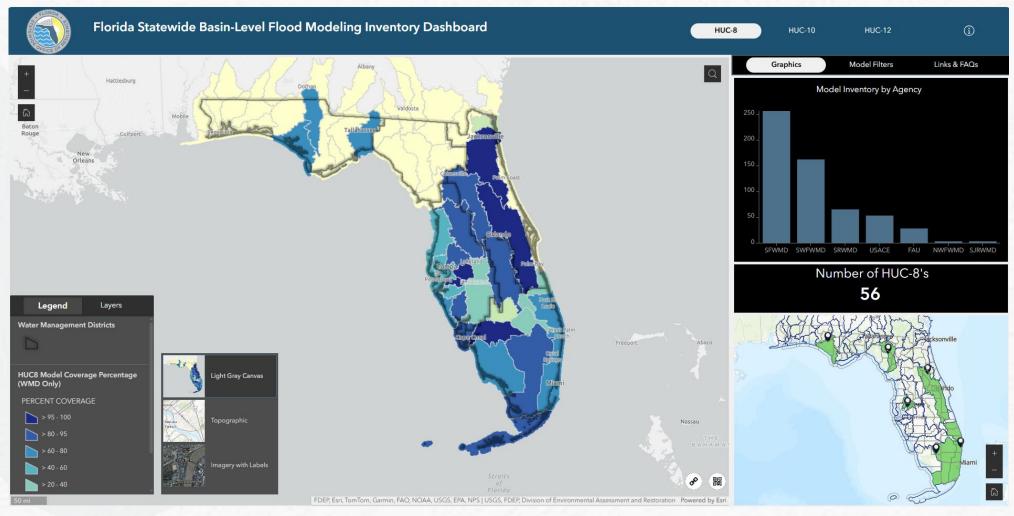


Compound flooding





Inventory of models

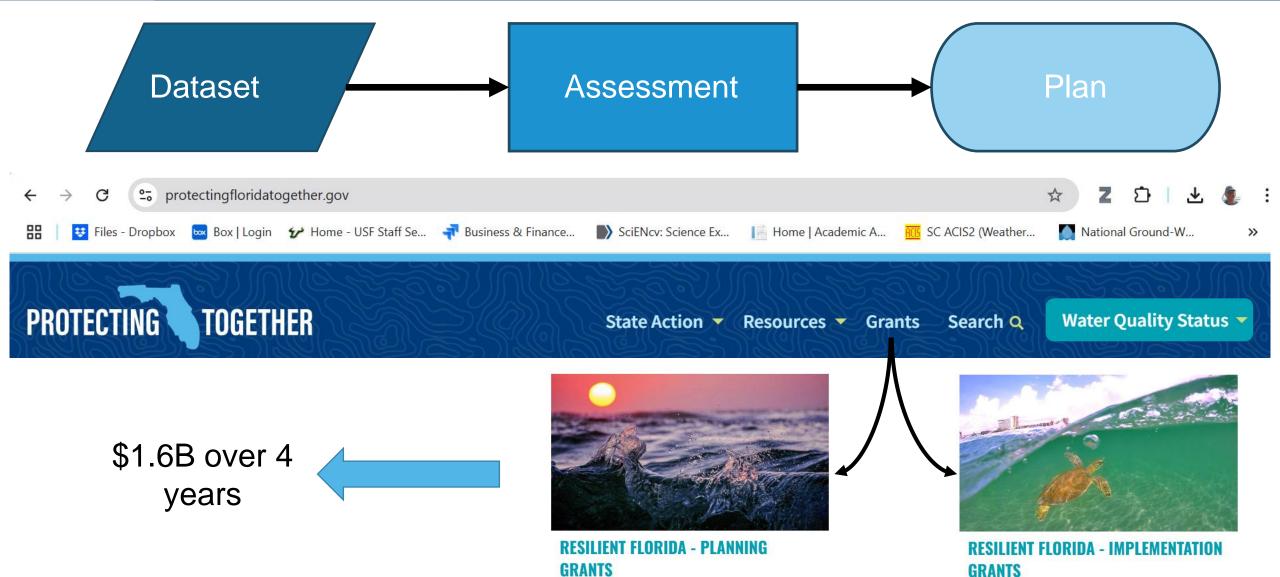




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RESILIENT FLORIDA PROGRAM GRANTS PROGRAMS





IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS PROJECT TYPE

