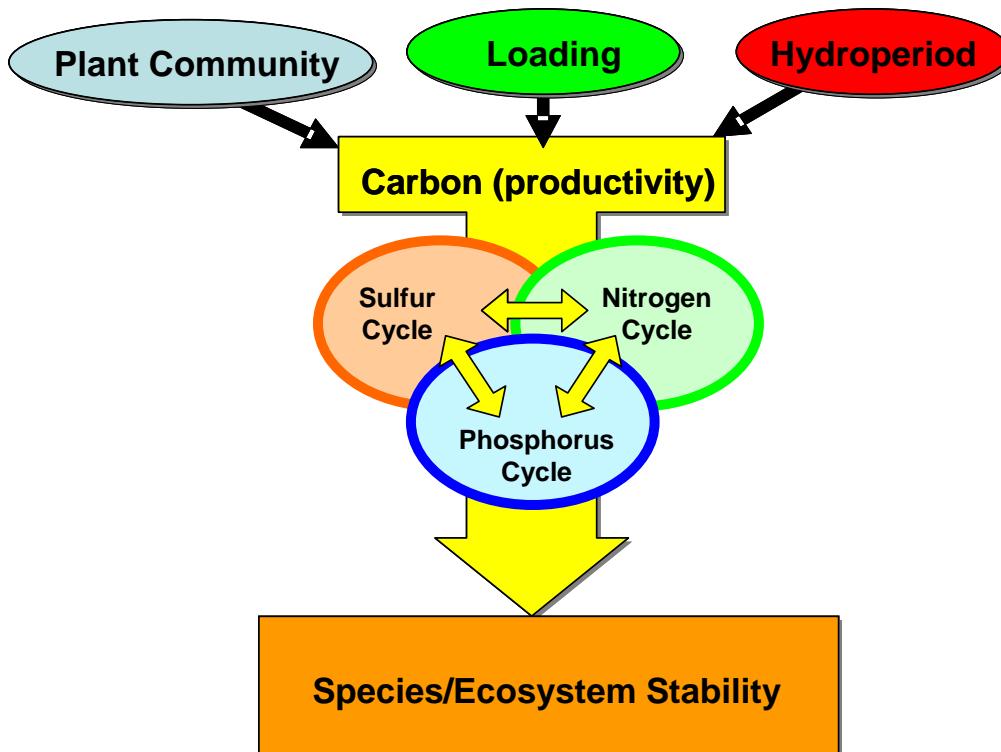
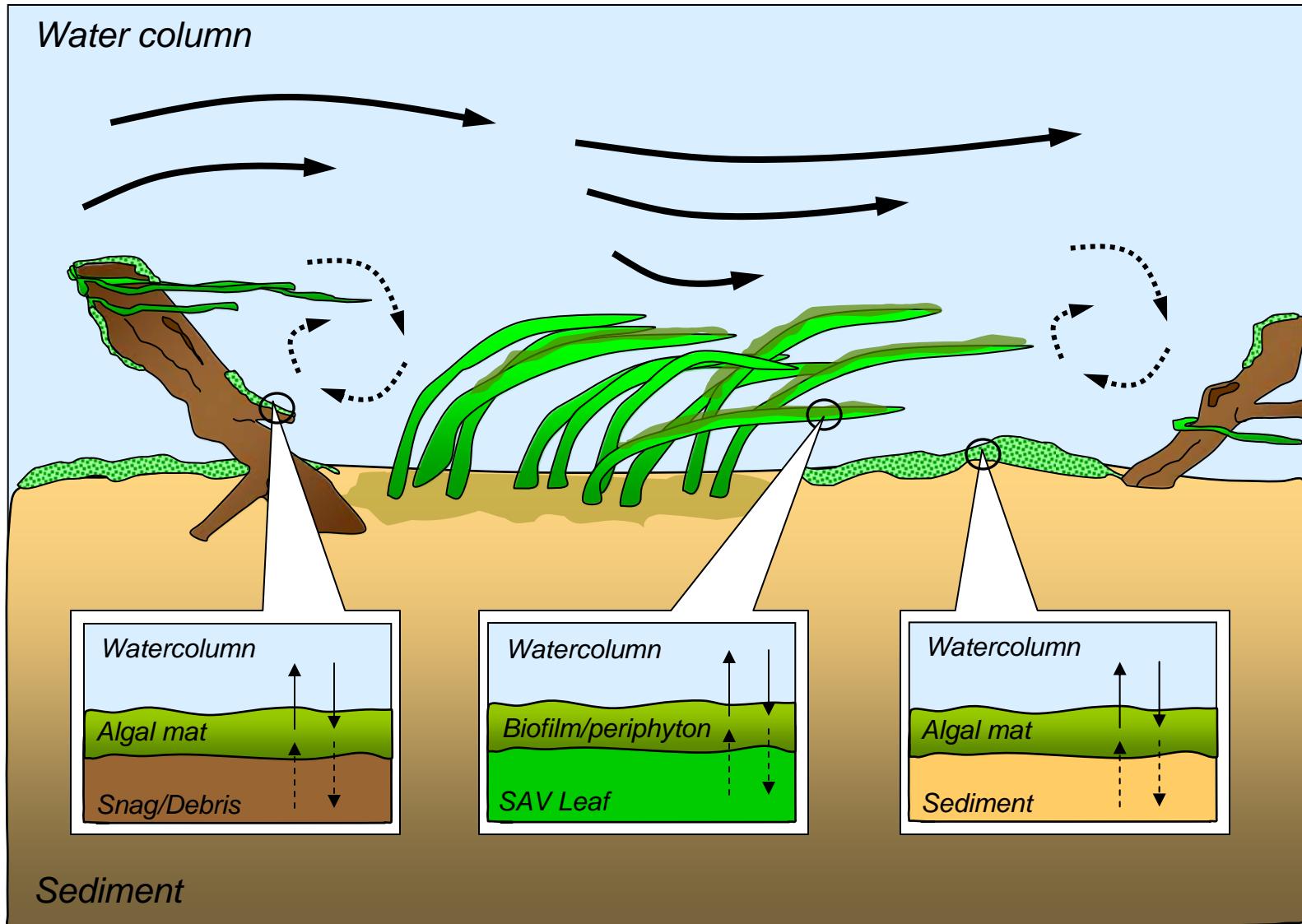


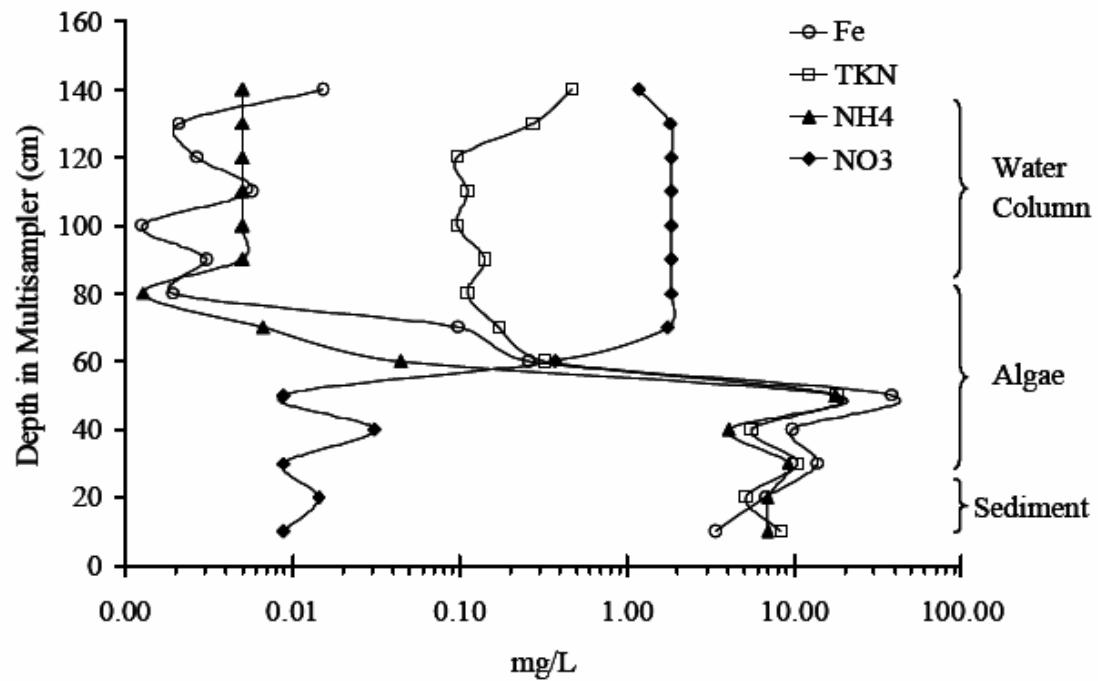
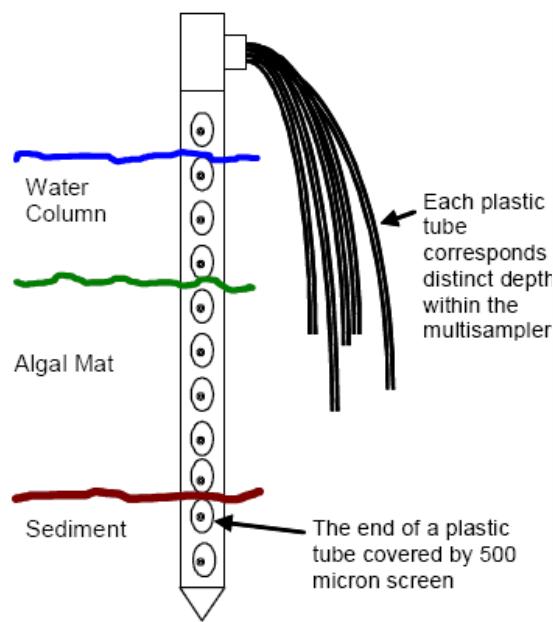
# Chapter 3: Biogeochemical Processes and Implications for Nutrient Cycling



# Biogeochemical Hotspots



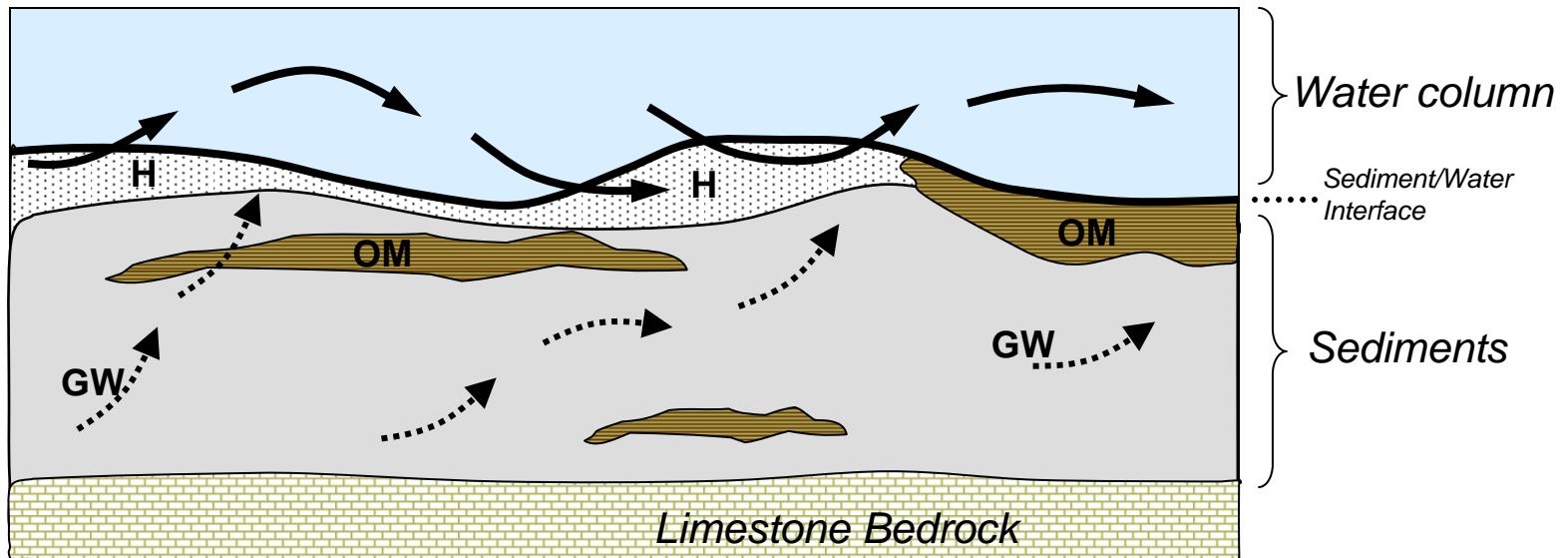
# Benthic Fluxes



(Stevenson et al., 2007)

# Sediment Processes

## (hyporheic exchange)



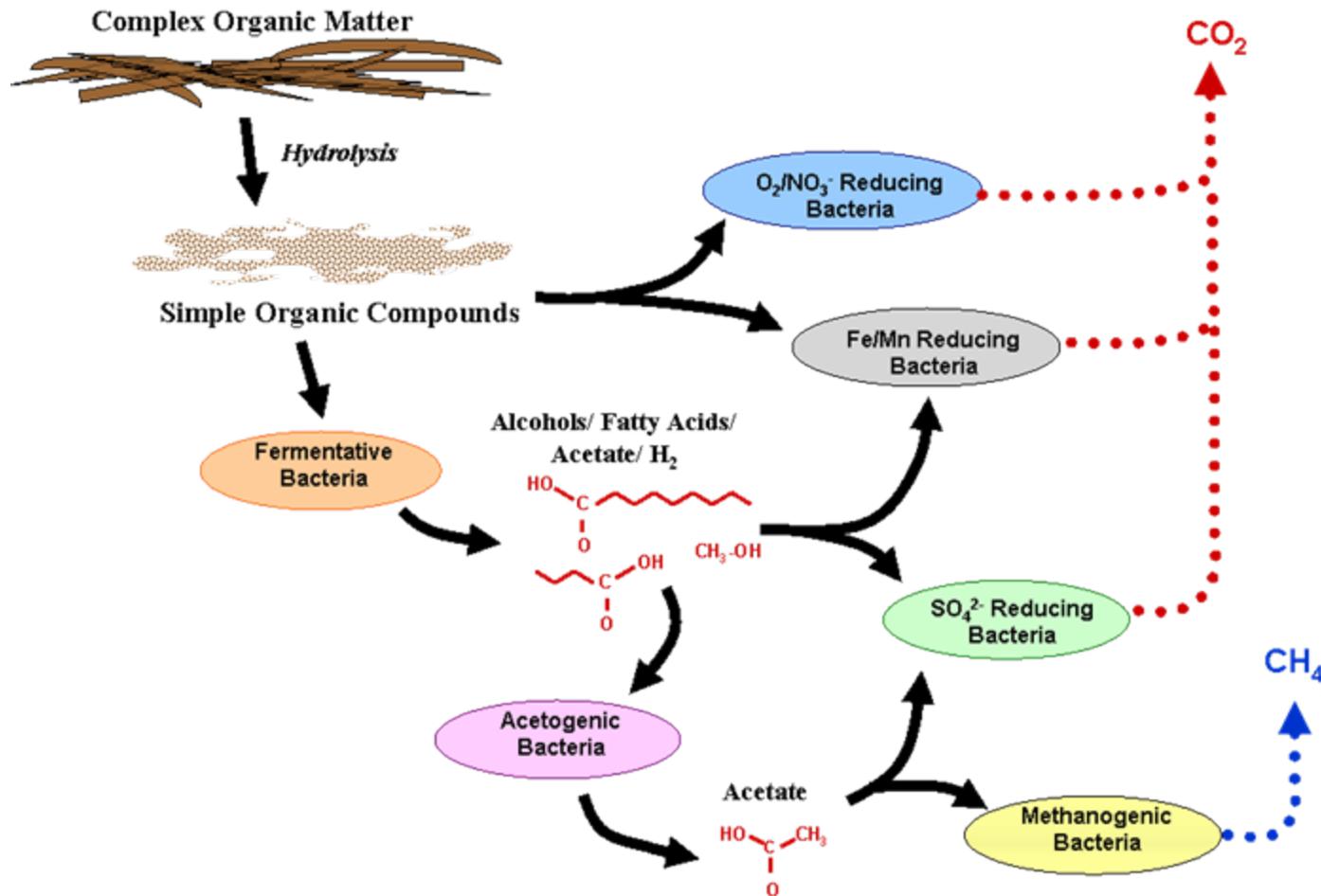
# Sediment Composition:

## Chassahowitzka River

Horizon	Depth cm				OC:TN Molar	OC:TP Molar	TN:TP Molar
		TP mg/kg	TN g/kg	OC g/kg			
<b>Near Boil</b>							
A	9	98	1	9	18	246	13
AC1	34	54	0	6	14	281	20
AC2	55	67	1	8	17	289	17
CA	66	66	0	1	14	50	4
<b>Riverside</b>							
O <sub>s</sub>	7	1014	17	209	15	531	36
A1	27	2481	10	131	16	136	9
A2	49	520	5	104	26	518	20
A3	64	152	4	85	23	1443	62
A4	82	51	0	5	20	235	12

(Saunders, T. 2007. Dissertation. University of Florida)

# Sediment Composition: Organic Matter Sources



# Downstream Trends: Wekiwa

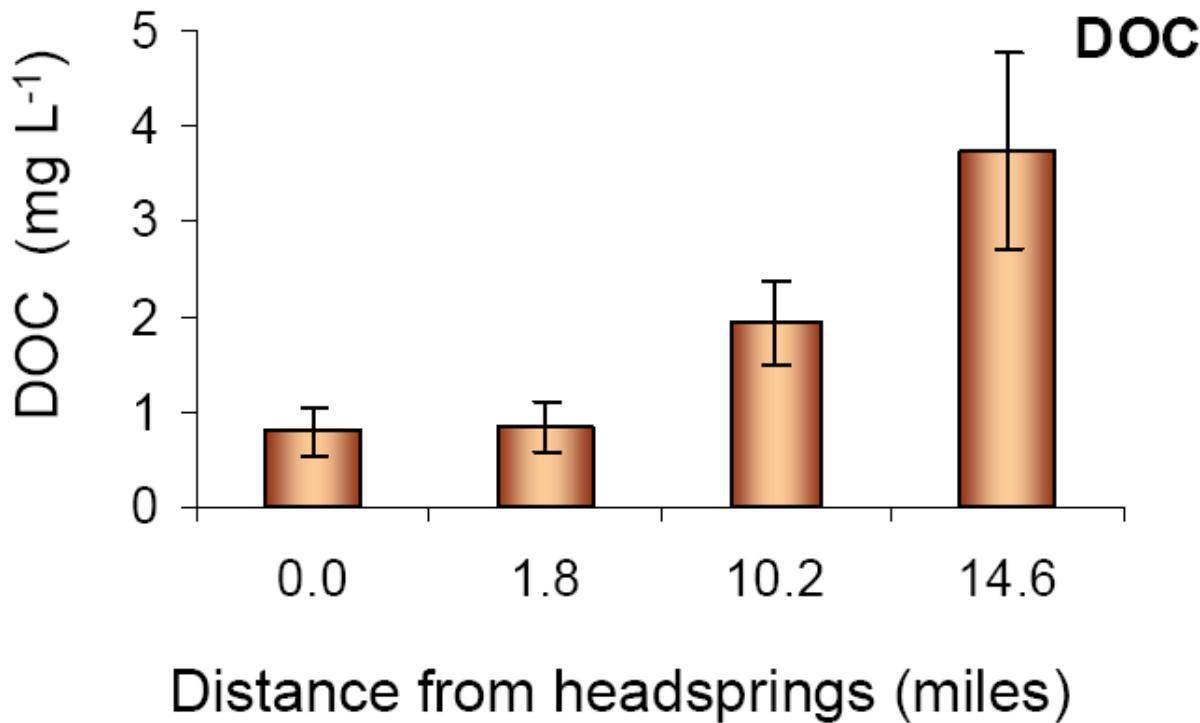
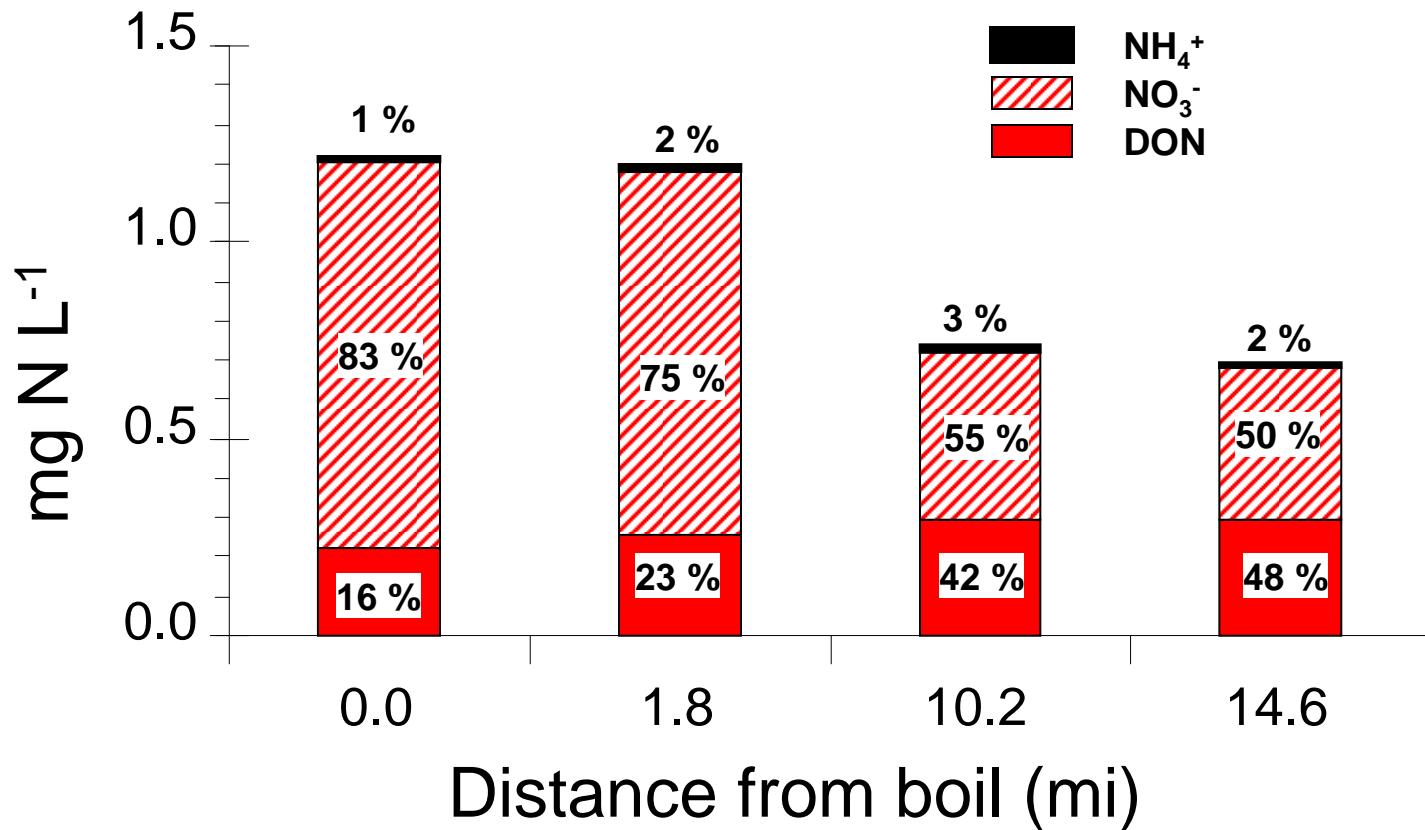


Figure 9 Dissolved organic carbon concentrations in Wekiwa Springs at 4 sampling locations situated at increasing distance from the headsprings.

(from Inglett et al., 2007)

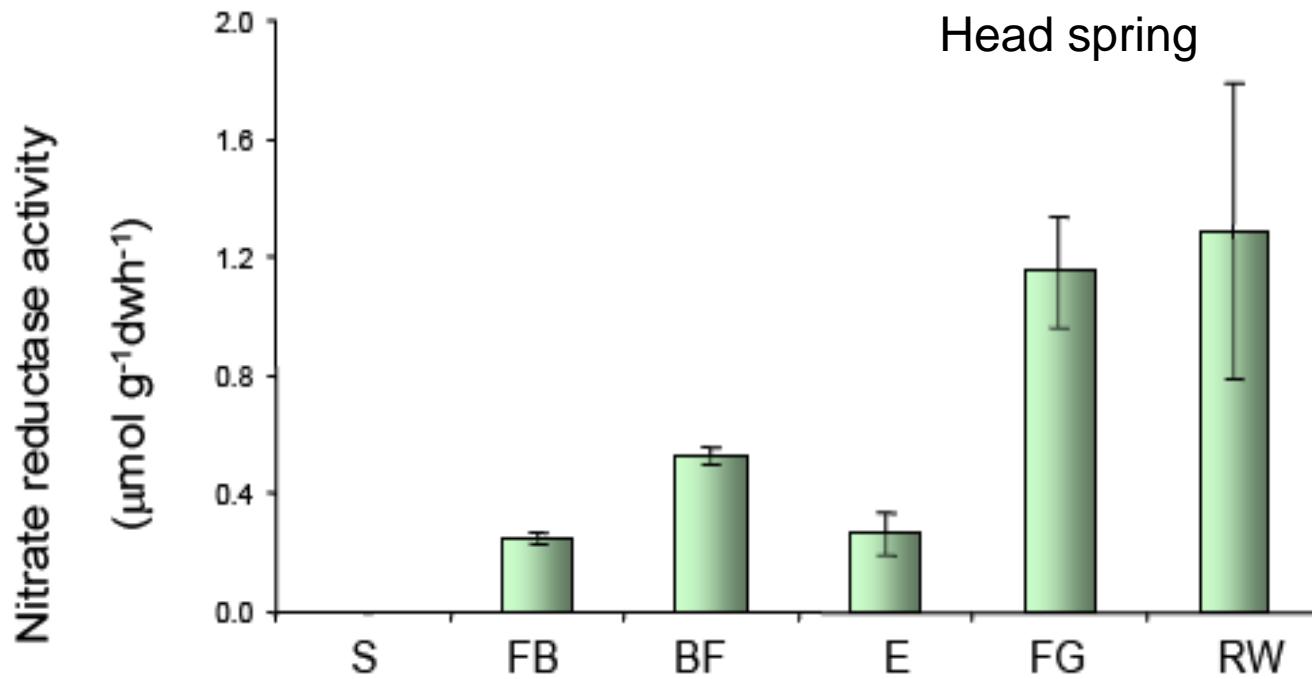
# Downstream Trends: Wekiva



(from Inglett et al., 2007)

# Nitrate Assimilation:

## Wekiva



(from Inglett et al., 2007)

# Denitrification: Wekiva

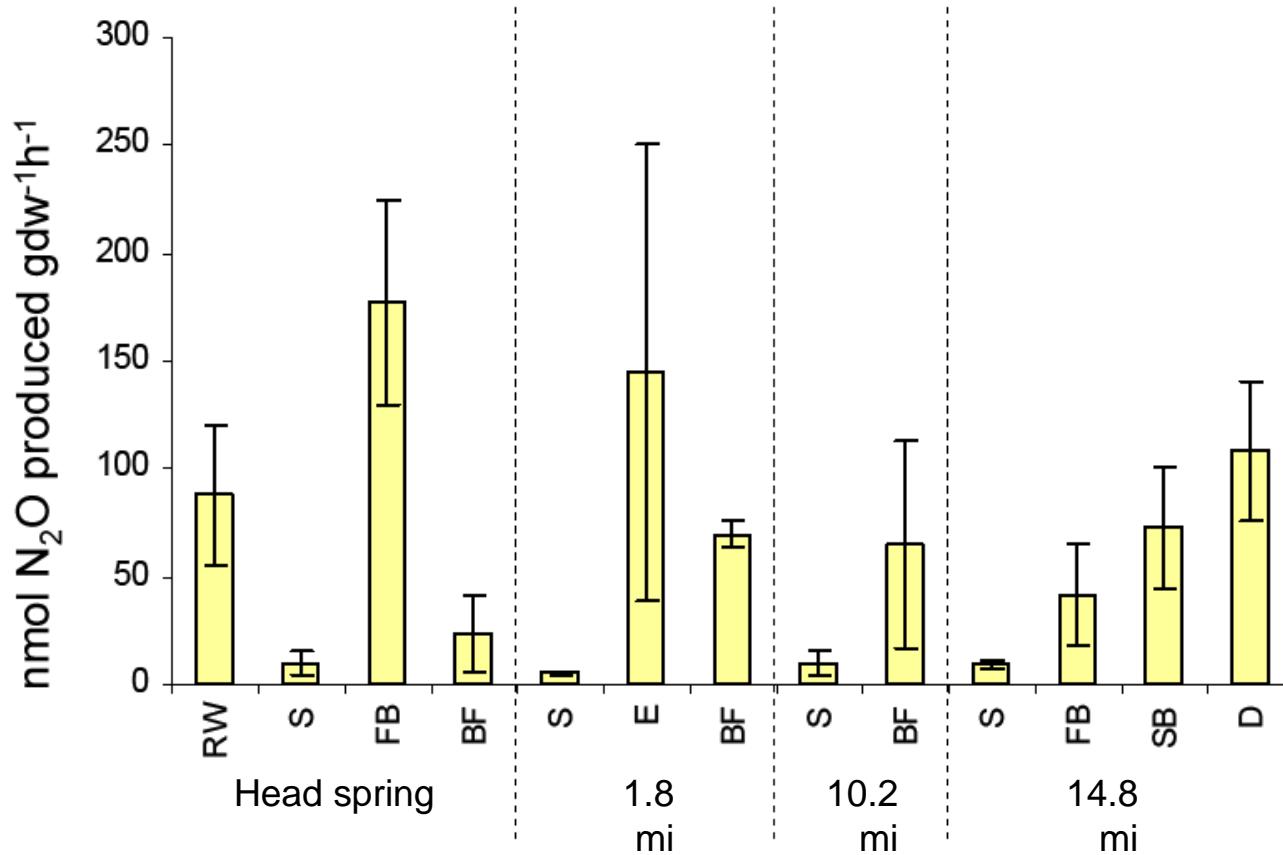
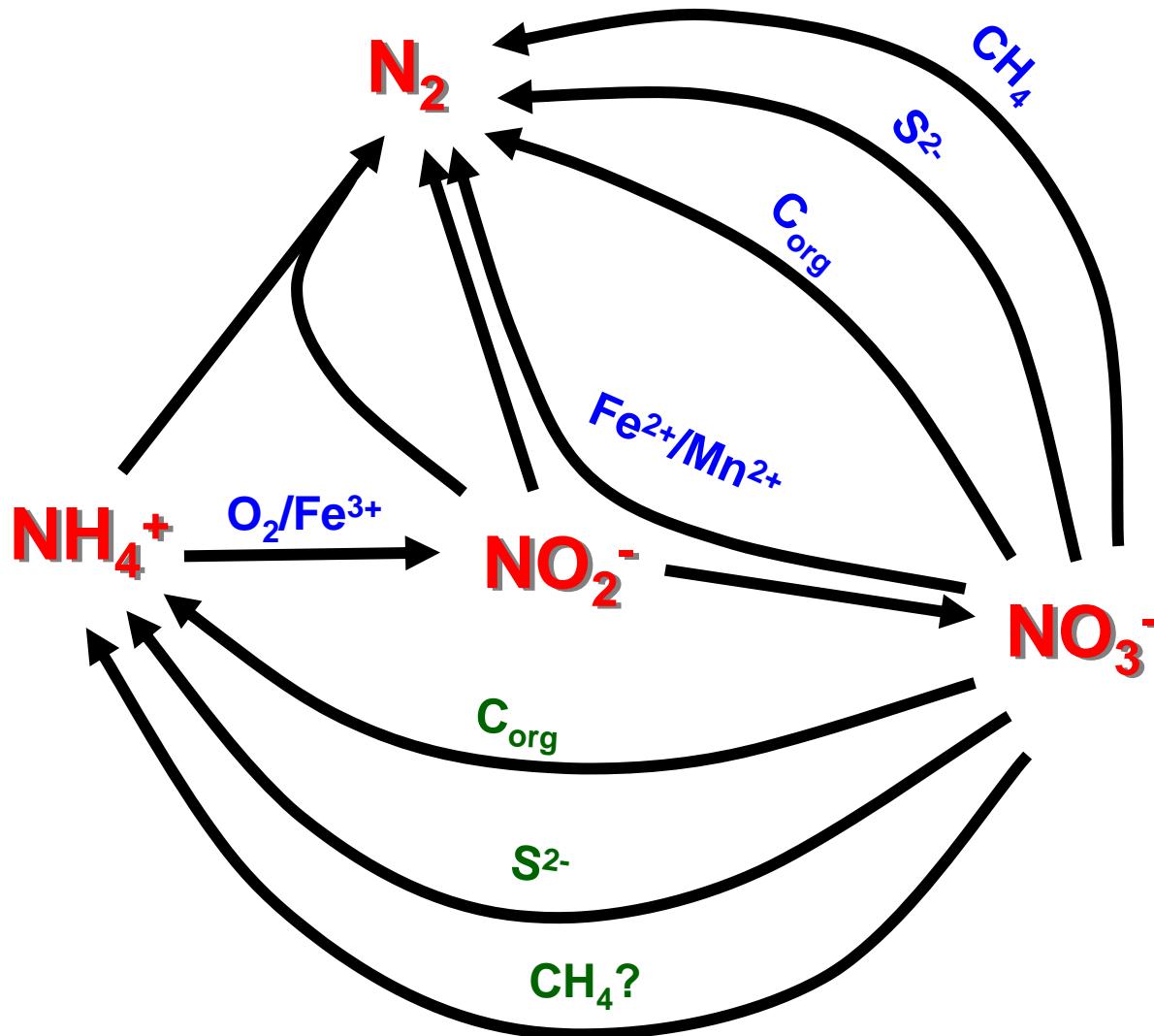


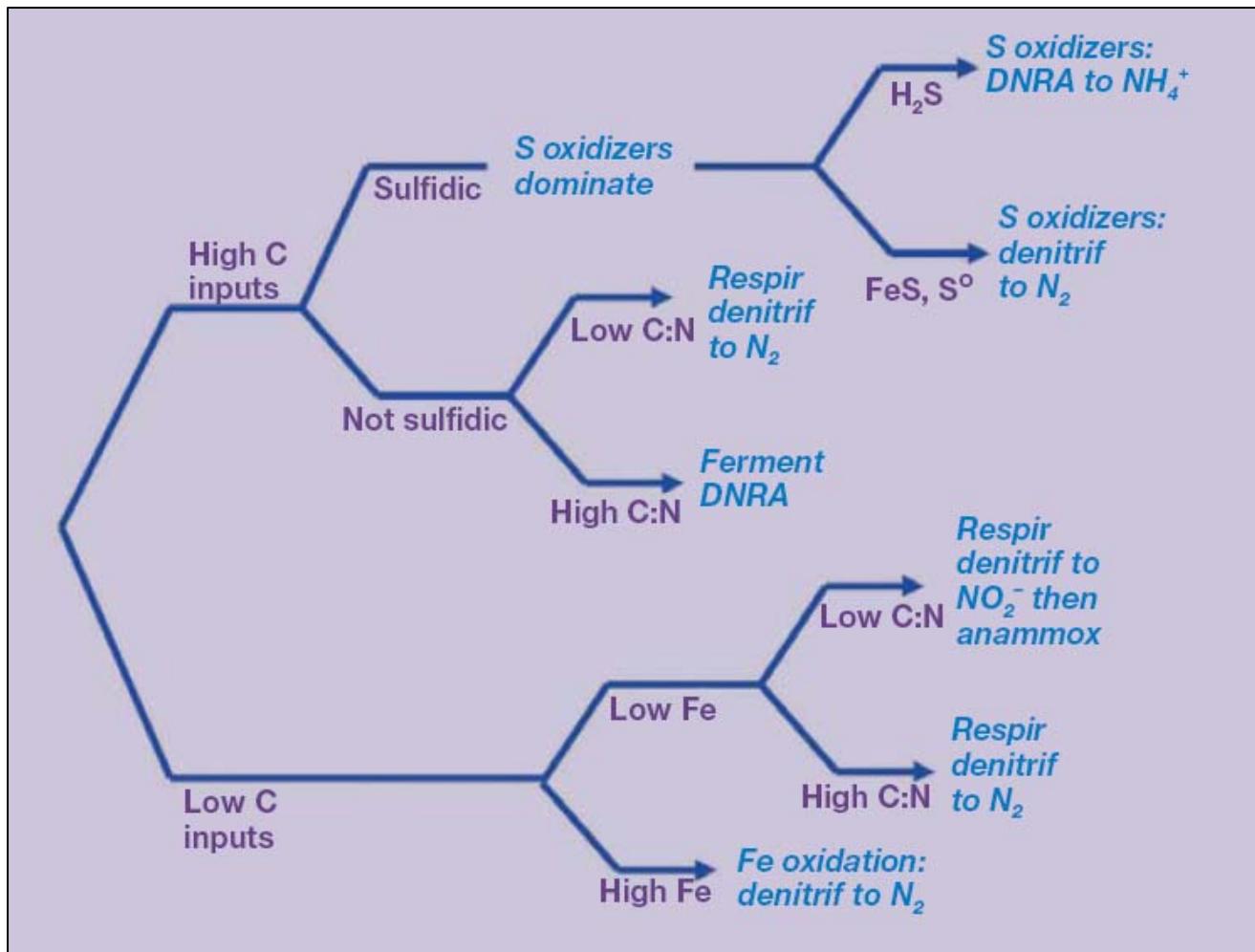
Figure 14. Denitrifying potential in sediments, and algal biofilms collected from various substrata. S, sediment; FB, filamentous benthic algae; BF, Brown filamentous algae; E, epiphytic biofilms; RW, Biofilms attached to rock wall; D, detrital material; SB, algal biofilm on submerged bark.

(from Inglett et al., 2007)

# Fates of $\text{NO}_3^-$



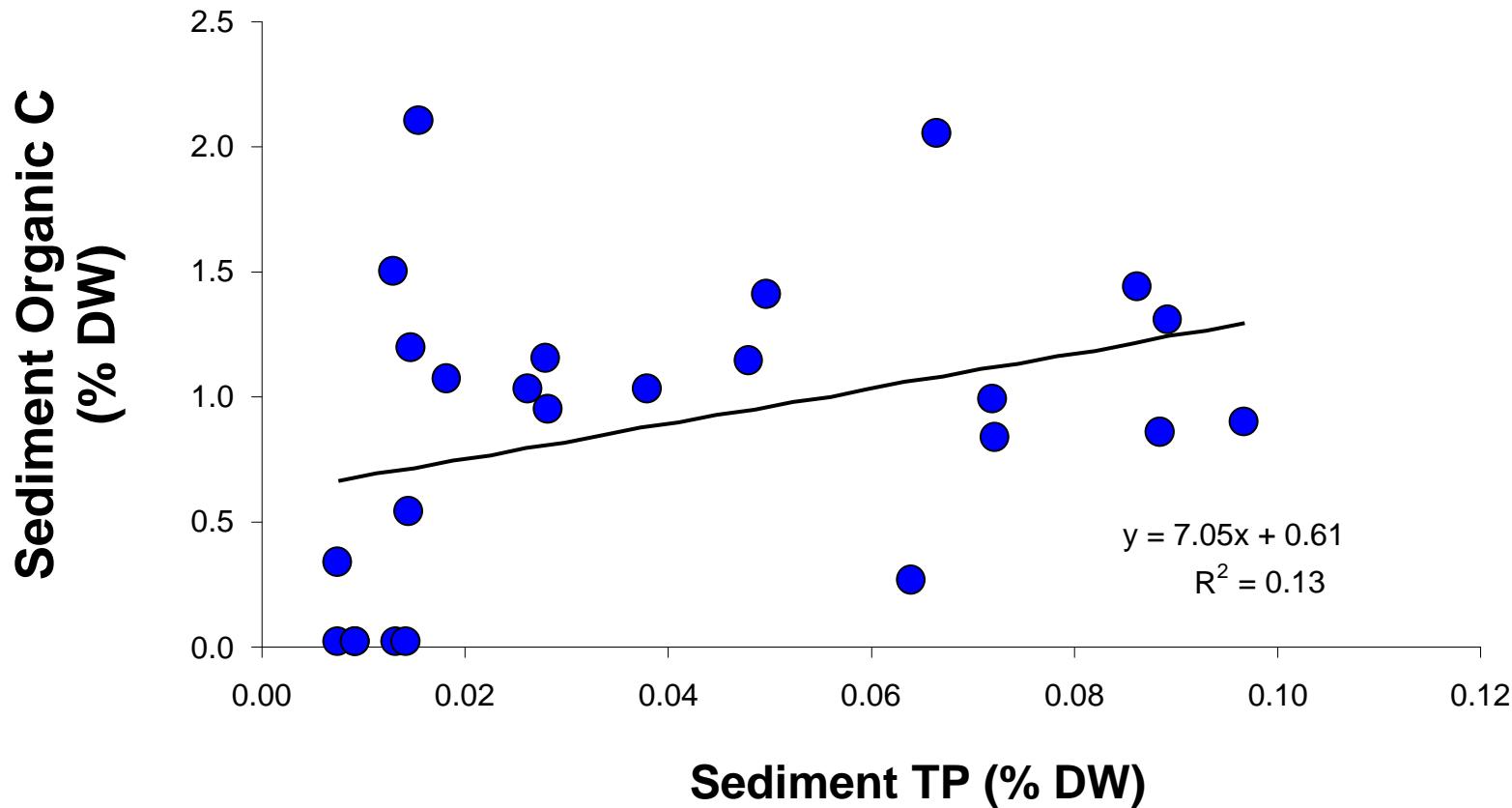
# Fates of $\text{NO}_3^-$



(From Burgin and Hamilton, 2007)

# Sediment P Storage

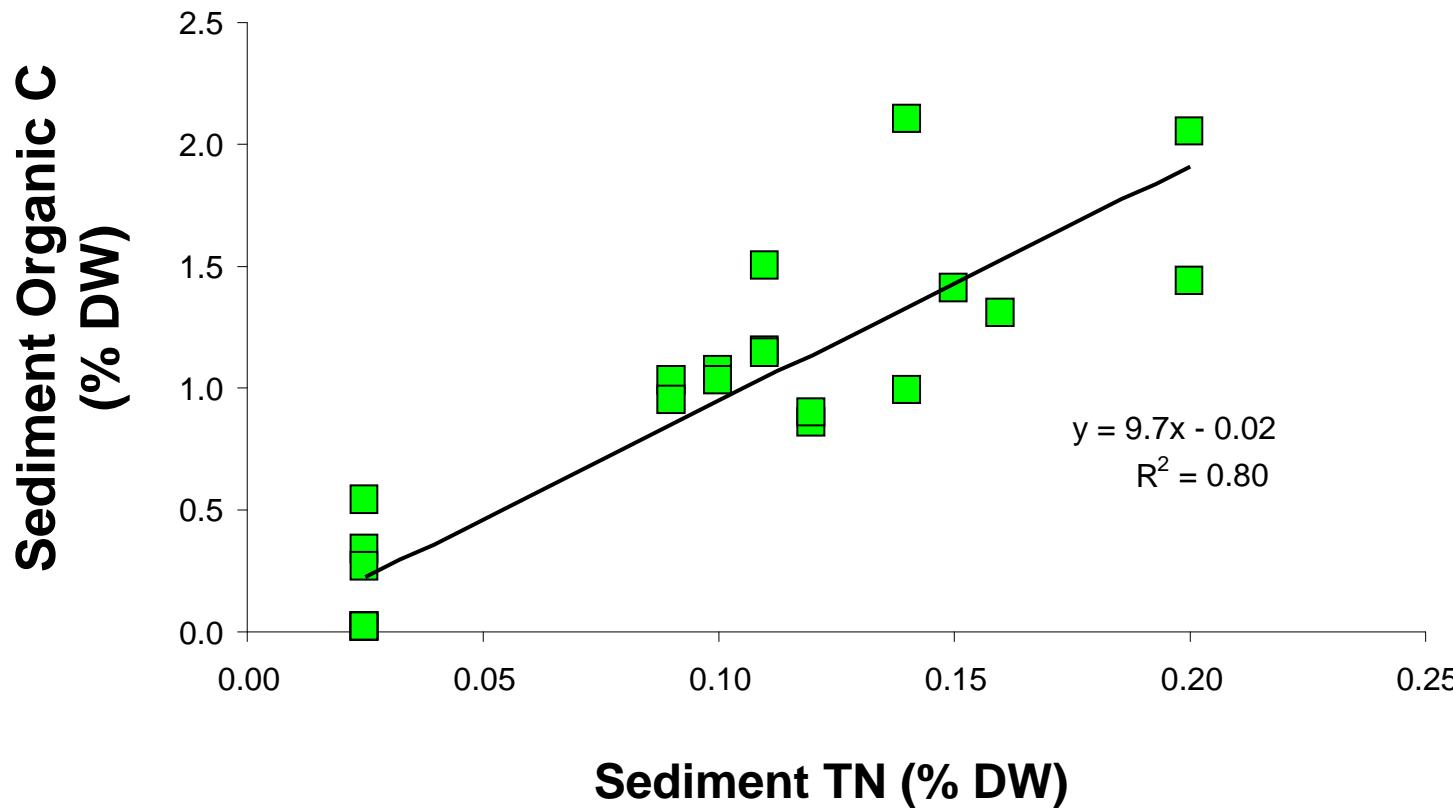
(Wekiva, Rock Springs, Juniper, Alexander)



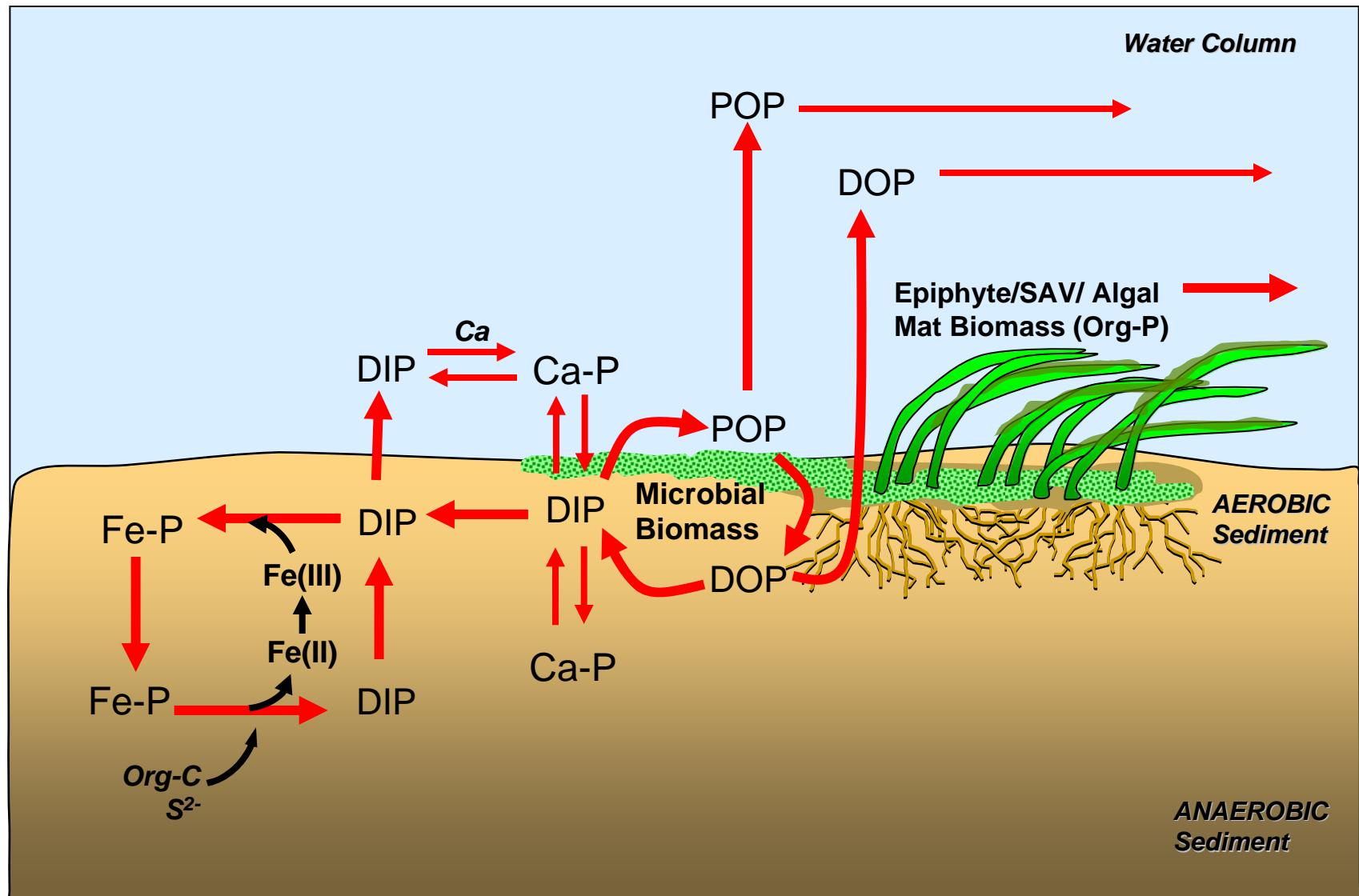
(based on data from: Wetland Solutions, Inc., 2005)

# Sediment N Storage

(Wekiva, Rock Springs, Juniper, Alexander)



(based on data from: Wetland Solutions, Inc., 2005)



# Research Needs

## General

- Data collection
  - More than physicochemical parameters
  - Spatial/temporal patterns
  - Different spring types
- Sediment characterization

## Nitrogen

- Assimilation vs. denitrification
- Alternate pathways?

# Research Needs

## Phosphorus

- Role in limitation (coupling to N)
- Sediment storages/release

## Sulfur

- Sulfate reduction/Sulfide toxicity
- Coupling to Fe/P....N

# Indicators of Change

- Nutrient ratios
  - Response threshold
- Enzyme activities
  - Nutrient limitation
  - Process rates
- Stable Isotopic ratios
  - Sources
  - C,N processes

